

TAMIBIA UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING, ECONOMICS AND FINANCE

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF ECONO	MICS HONOURS
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08BECH	LEVEL: 8
COURSE CODE: FEO810S	COURSE NAME: FINANCIAL ECONOMICS
SESSION: JUNE 2019	PAPER: THEORY AND CALCULATIONS
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100

	FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER
EXAMINER	L. ODADA
MODERATOR:	R. KAMATI

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer ALL the questions in blue or black ink. STRICTLY NO PENCIL
- 2. Start each question on a new page, number the answers correctly and show all your working/assumptions.
- 3. Write clearly and neatly. Round off only final answers to two (2) decimal places
- 4. Questions relating to this examination may be raised in the initial 30 minutes after the start of the paper. Thereafter, candidates must use their initiative to deal with any perceived error or ambiguities and any assumptions made by the candidate should be clearly stated.

PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS

1. Silent, non-programmable calculators

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF _4_ PAGES (Including this front page)

QUESTION 1 [25 MARKS]

a) A financial system can be defined at the global, regional or firm-specific level and is a set of implemented procedures that track financial activities. Financial systems are made of intricate and complex models that portray financial services, institutions and markets that link depositors with investors.

REQUIRED	MARKS
Identify and discuss any five (5) major functions performed by the financial system	15

b) A financial market is a broad term describing any marketplace where trading of securities occurs. Some financial markets are small with little activity, while some financial markets trade trillions of dollars of securities daily. Financial market prices may not indicate the true intrinsic value of a stock due to macroeconomic forces like taxes. In addition, the prices of securities are heavily reliant on informational transparency to ensure efficient and appropriate prices are set by the market

REQUI	RED	MARKS
i)	Distinguish between the two types of capital financial markets	4
ii)	Other than the capital markets, briefly describe any other three (3) types of financial markets	6

QUESTION 2 [25 MARKS]

Write concise explanatory notes on the following terms/concepts relating to financial economics:

a)	Default risk	(5)
b)	Inflation risk	(5)
c)	Interest rate risk	(5)
d)	Business risk	(5)
e)	Financial risk	(5)

QUESTION 3 [25 MARKS]

Sharon just closed a N\$10 000 business loan agreement that is to be repaid in ten equal annual endof-year payments. The interest rate on the loan is 13%. As part of her firm's detailed financial planning, Sharon wishes to determine the annual interest deduction attributable to the loan.

REQUI	RED	MARKS
a)	Determine the annual loan payment (round off your answer to the nearest whole number)	3
b)	Explain what an amortized loan is	2
c)	Prepare an amortization schedule for the loan	15
d)	Determine your total loan repayment	2
e)	Determine your total interest on the loan	2
f)	Explain why the interest portion of each payment declines with the passage of time.	1

QUESTION 4 [25 MARKS]

Ohlthaver & List Group (hereafter O&L Group) is the largest private Namibian company group and also the largest private-sector employer in the country. As a truly African company employing more than 6 200 people in various business sectors, the O&L Group is rooted in, and committed to Africa and all her people. Today, O&L revenues contribute roughly 4% to Namibia's Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

O&L Group has business interests in food production, fishing, beverages, farming, retail trade, information technology, property leasing and development, renewable power generation, marine engineering, steel retailing, advertising and the leisure and hospitality industry. With annual revenues of over N\$5 billion, O&L is a major contributor to fiscus and is in the position of being a significant contributor to GDP in Namibia. Wherever it operates, this diverse group is actively engaged in uplifting the lives of its employees, its consumers, and society generally.

O&L Group would like to diversify by investing N\$400 000 000 in two shares that have the following risk/return profiles:

Economic State	Probability	Expected return share A	Expected return share B
1	30%	2%	15%
2	50%	10%	22%
3	20%	12%	-2%

The following information is available:

- 1. The risk-free rate is 3%
- 2. The market return is 12%
- 3. The standard deviation of expected market returns is 6%
- 4. The covariance between A and B is -6.6
- 5. The covariance of share A returns with those of the market is 25.2
- 6. The covariance of share B returns with those of the market is 39.6

REQUI	RED	MARKS
a)	Calculate the standard deviation of shares A and B.	6
b)	Based on your calculations in (a) above, which share would you advise the O&L Group to invest in? Support your answer with relevant calculations.	4
c)	Determine the correlation between shares A and B.	2
d)	Assume that O&L Group invests N\$160 million in share A and the rest in share B. Determine the expected return and the standard deviation of the portfolio.	5
e)	Calculate the Beta values of shares A and B.	2
f)	Calculate the required return for shares A and B according to the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)	4
g)	Highlight any two (2) limitations of using the CAPM for capital budgeting decisions	2
TOTAL	MARKS	25

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER

TABLE A

26.5		-				-							-		Γ					Γ					Pe	П
50	40			25			18	17	16	15	14	13	12	1	10	9	00	7	<u>ი</u>	رن ن	4	ω	N		Period	utur
				1.282																1					1%	e va
2.692	2.208	2.000	1.811	1.641	1.486	1.457	1.428	1.400	1.373	1.346	1.319	1.294	1.268	1.243	1.219	1.195	1.172	1.149	1.126	1.104	1.082	1.061	1.040	1.020	2%	lue ir
4.384	3.262	2.814	2.427	2.094	1.806	1.754	1.702	1.653	1.605	1.558	1.513	1.469	1.426	1.384	1.344	1.305	1.267	1.230	1.194	1.159	1.126	1.093	1.061	1.030	3%	ntere
7.107	4.801	3.946	3.243	2.666	2.191	2.107	2.026	1.948	1.873	1.801	1.732	1.665	1.601	1.539	1.480	1.423	1.369	1.316	1.265	1.217	1.170	1.125	1.082	1.040	4%	st fa
11.467	7.040	5.516	4.322	3.386	2.653	2.527	2.407	2.292	2.183	2.079	1.980	1.886	1.796	1.710	1.629	1.551	1.477	1.407	1.340	1.276	1.216	1.158	1.103	1.050	5%	ctor o
18.420	10.286	7.686	5.743	4.292	3.207	3.026	2.854	2.693	2.540	2.397	2.261	2.133	2.012	1.898	1.791	1.689	1.594	1.504	1.419	1.338	1.262	1.191	1.124	1.060	6%	of \$1 p
29,457	14.974	10.677	7.612	5.427	3.870	3.617	3.380	3.159	2.952	2.759	2.579	2.410	2.252	2.105	1.967	1.838	1.718	1.606	1.501	1.403	1.311	1.225	1.145	1.070	7%	per pe
				6.848											1										8%	eriod a
				8.623	ı															1					9%	at i% :
117.391	45.259	28.102	17.449	10.835	6.727	6.116	5.560	5.054	4.595	4.177	3.797	3.452	3.138	2.853	2.594	2.358	2.144	1.949	1.772	1.611	1.464	1.331	1.210	1.100	10%	ior n p
184.565	65.001	38.575	22.892	13.585	8.062	7.263	6.544	5.895	5.311	4.785	4.310	3.883	3.498	3.152	2.839	2.558	2.305	2.076	1.870	1.685	1.518	1.368	1.232	1.110	11%	Future value interest factor of \$1 per period at i% for n periods.
289.002	93.051	52.800	29.960					6.866																1.	12%	s, FVIF(i,n
450.736	132.782	72.069	39.116	21.231	11.523	10.197	9.024	7.986	7.067	6.254	5.535	4.898	4.335	3.836	3.395	3.004	2.658	2.353	2.082	1.842	1.630	1.443	1.277		13%	(i,n).
700.233	188.884	98.100	50.950	26.462																						
_				32.919																					15%	
				40.874																					16%	
				50.658					- 1					- 1					- 1					- 1	17%	
				62.669					- 1					- 1					- 1					- 1	18%	
5.988.914	1,051.668	440.701	184.675	77.388	32.429	27.252	22.901	19.244	16.172	13.590	11.420	9.596	8.064	6.777	5.695	4.785	4.021	3.379	2.840	2.386	2.005	1.685	1.416	_	19%	
9.100.438	1,469.772	590.668	237.376	95.396	38.338	31.948	26.623	22.186	18.488	15.407	12.839	10.699	8.916	7.430	6.192	5.160	4.300	3.583	2.986	2.488	2.074	1.728	1.440	1.200	20%	

TABLE B

	20%	0.833	0.694	0.579	182	102	335	62:	0.233	94	162	35	12	93	178	99	154	145	38	131	126	10	104	201	101	000.0
		1																								
	19%	0.84	0.70	0.59	0.499	0.41	0.35	0.29	0.249	0.20	0.17	0.14	0.12	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000
	18%	0.847	0.718	0.609	0.516	0.437	0.370	0.314	0.266	0.225	0.191	0.162	0.137	0.116	0.099	0.084	0.071	0.060	0.051	0.043	0.037	0.016	0.007	0.003	0.001	0.000
	17%	0.855	0.731	0.624	0.534	0.456	0.390	0.333	0.285	0.243	0.208	0.178	0.152	0.130	0.111	0.095	0.081	0.069	0.059	0.051	0.043	0.020	0.009	0.004	0.002	0.000
	16%	0.862	0.743	0.641	0.552	0.476	0.410	0.354	0.305	0.263	0.227	0.195	0.168	0.145	0.125	0.108	0.093	0.080	0.069	0.060	0.051	0.024	0.012	900.0	0.003	0.001
	15%	0.870	0.756	9.658	0.572	0.497	0.432	376	0.327).284).247	3.215	187	0.163	141	0.123	701.0	0.093	0.081	0.070	190.0	0.030	0.015	900.0	00.00	0.001
	14%				0.592 (_	_	0.351 (0.208 (0.108				0.038	_	_	0.005	
-(i,n)	13%				0.613 0				0.376 0									0.125 0						0.014 0		0.002 0
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	11% 1																						U	U	O	
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rnp	10%	0.908	0.826	0.751	0.683	0.621	0.564	0.513	0.467	0.424	0.386	0.350	0.319	0.290	0.263	0.239	0.218	0.198	0.180	0.164	0.148	0.092	0.057	0.036	0.022	0.00
at i% for n periods	%6	0.917	0.842	0.772	0.708	0.650	0.596	0.547	0.502	0.460	0.422	0.388	0.356	0.326	0.299	0.275	0.252	0.231	0.212	0.194	0.178	0.116	0.075	0.049	0.032	0.013
dat i	8%	0.926	0.857	0.794	0.735	0.681	0.630	0.583	0.540	0.500	0.463	0.429	0.397	0.368	0.340	0.315	0.292	0.270	0.250	0.232	0.215	0.146	0.099	0.068	0.046	0.021
period	%2	.935	.873	3.816	0.763	.713	999'	.623	.582	.544	.508	.475	.444	.415	388	362	.339	317	7.296	7.277	.258	1.184	131	.094	790.0	0.034
l per p	%9								27 0.				0 26				94 0		20 0			33 0	74 0	30	97 0	54 0
\$1 4		0			0.792				0.627			0.527						0.371				0.2	0.1	0.130	0.0	0.0
or of	2%	0.952	0.907	0.864	0.823	0.784	0.746	0.711	0.677	0.645	0.614	0.585	0.557	0.530	0.505	0.481	0.458	0.436	0.416	0.396	0.377	0.295	0.231	0.181	0.142	0.087
fact	4%	0.962	0.925	0.889	0.855	0.822	0.790	0.760	0.731	0.703	0.676	0.650	0.625	0.601	0.577	0.555	0.534	0.513	0.494	0.475	0.456	0.375	0.308	0.253	0.208	0.141
Present value interest factor of \$1	3%	0.971	0.943	0.915	0.888	0.863	0.837	0.813	0.789	0.766	0.744	0.722	0.701	0.681	0.661	0.642	0.623	0.605	0.587	0.570	0.554	0.478	0.412	0.355	0.307	0.228
ue int	2%								0.853							=						0.610			0.453	0.372
nt val	1%								0.923														0.742		0.672	
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